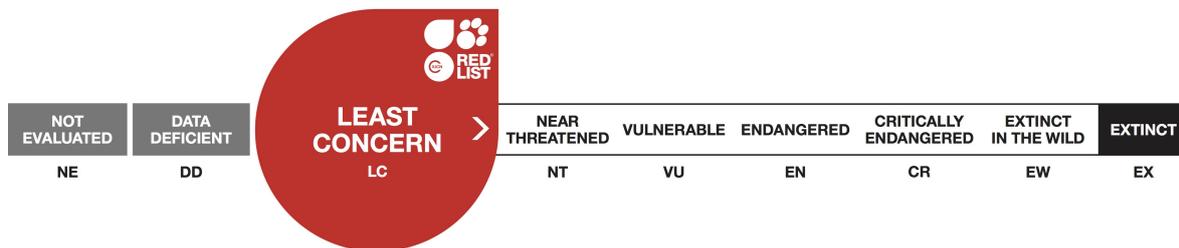


Hipposideros tephrus

Assessment by: Monadjem, A. & Shapiro, J.



View on www.iucnredlist.org

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Taxonomy

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Mammalia	Chiroptera	Hipposideridae

Taxon Name: *Hipposideros tephurus* Cabrera, 1906

Synonym(s):

- *Hipposideros Hipposideros caffer tephurus*

Taxonomic Source(s):

Vallo, P., Guillen-Servent, A. Benda, P., Pires, D. B. and Koubek, P. 2008. Variation of mitochondrial DNA in the *Hipposideros caffer* complex (Chiroptera: Hipposideridae) and its taxonomic implications. *Acta Chiropterologica* 10(2): 193-206.

Taxonomic Notes:

Formerly considered part of the *Hipposideros caffer* complex as *Hipposideros caffer tephurus*. Taxonomic revision by Vallo *et al.* (2008) established it as a distinct species.

Assessment Information

Red List Category & Criteria: Least Concern [ver 3.1](#)

Year Published: 2017

Date Assessed: April 24, 2016

Justification:

Listed as Least Concern in view of its wide distribution, presumed large population, and because it is unlikely to be declining at the rate required to qualify for listing in a threatened category.

Geographic Range

Range Description:

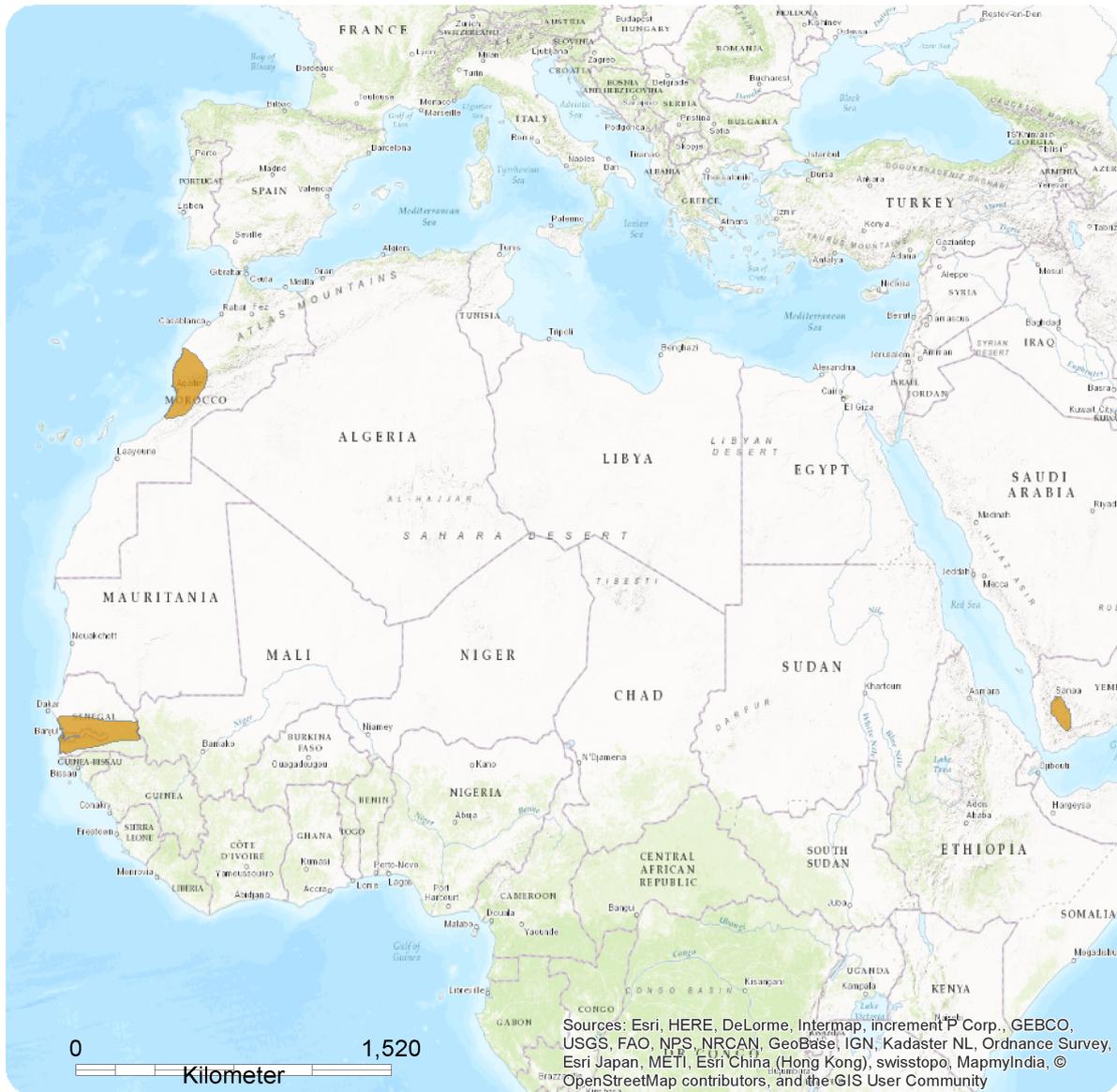
A relatively wide-ranging species occurring in the Maghreb (North Africa), West Africa, and the Arabian Peninsula. Confirmed in Morocco, Senegal, and Yemen, but may occur between these sites as well.

Country Occurrence:

Native: Morocco; Senegal; Yemen

Distribution Map

Hipposideros tephrus

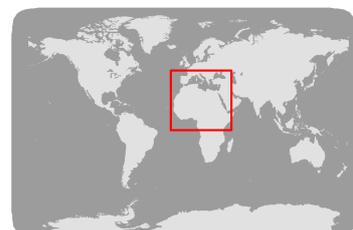


Range

Extant (resident)

Compiled by:

IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature)



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply any official endorsement, acceptance or opinion by IUCN.



Population

Hipposideros tephrus has a wide distribution and the population is presumed to be large, but more precise informations are not available.

Current Population Trend: Unknown

Habitat and Ecology (see Appendix for additional information)

This species occurs in arid ecosystems and seasonally dry open forests, and coastal forest in northern and western Africa and south-western Arabia savanna (Vallo *et al.* 2008). It is usually associated with rivers and other water resources, provided there are caves or buildings where it can roost during the day (Happold 1987)

Systems: Terrestrial

Threats

Human disturbance to roosting sites (caves) could have a negative effect.

Conservation Actions (see Appendix for additional information)

No specific conservation measures in place. May occur in several protected areas throughout its range.

Credits

Assessor(s): Monadjem, A. & Shapiro, J.

Reviewer(s): Stone, E., Webala, P., Tanshi, I., Town, M., Guyton, J. & Dos Santos, A.

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External Resources

For [Images and External Links to Additional Information](#), please see the [Red List website](#).

Appendix

Habitats

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Habitat	Season	Suitability	Major Importance?
1. Forest -> 1.5. Forest - Subtropical/Tropical Dry	-	Suitable	-
2. Savanna -> 2.1. Savanna - Dry	-	Suitable	-

Conservation Actions in Place

(<http://www.iucnredlist.org/technical-documents/classification-schemes>)

Conservation Actions in Place
In-Place Land/Water Protection and Management
Occur in at least one PA: Unknown

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